

DED-CLAD® process

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October 2018

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IREPA LASER

Laser Technological centre in France

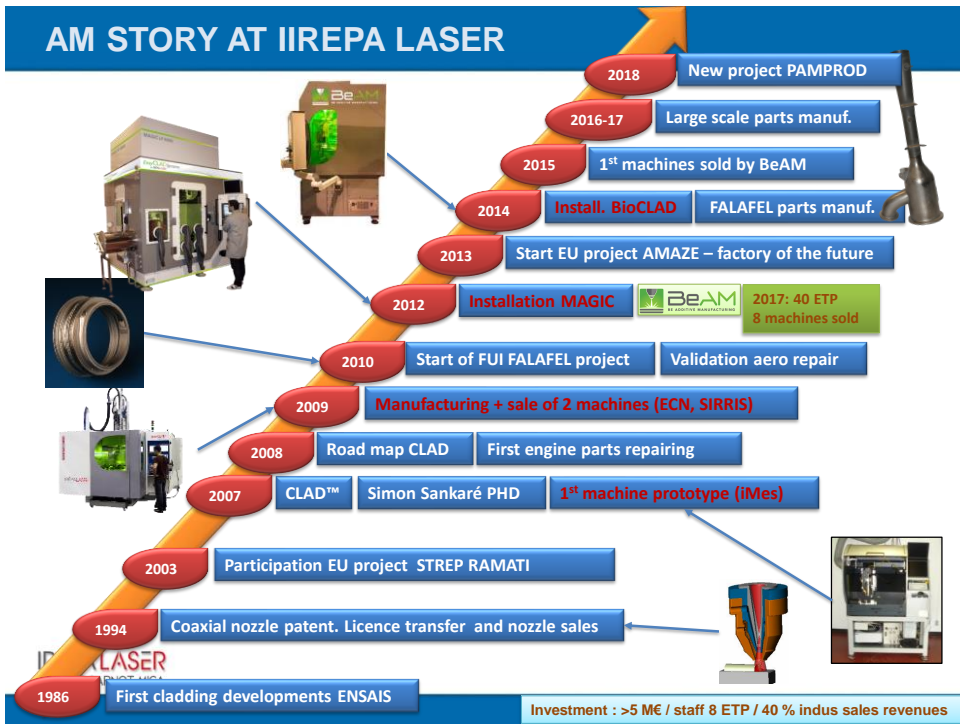
Industrial laser applications and developments in the field of material processing

- ❑ More than 30 years of experience. 47 people.
- ❑ Products : feasibility, technical and economic studies, training, industrialization, R&D, ...
- ❑ ≈ 20 lasers in the lab : YAG, Fiber, diode, Femto, ...
 - with multiaxis workstations and robot
 - analysis means: 3D profilometer (ALICONA), metallographical, ...
- ❑ Expertise and fine characterization : 

Main activities:

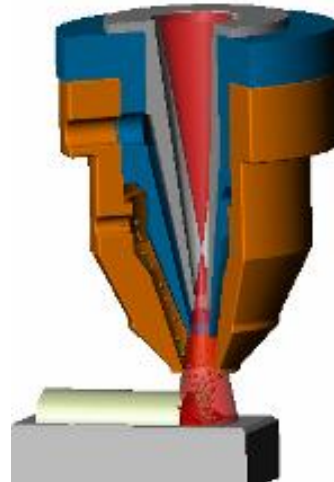
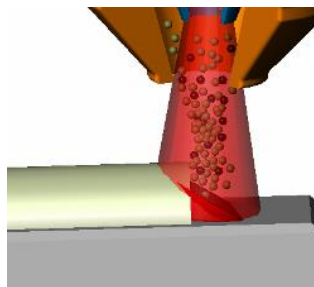
- ❑ Welding and surface treatment
- ❑ Micro-machining
- ❑ Training
- ❑ **And additive manufacturing :**
 - 3 CLAD machines
 - + future SLM machine
 - + future WAAM machine



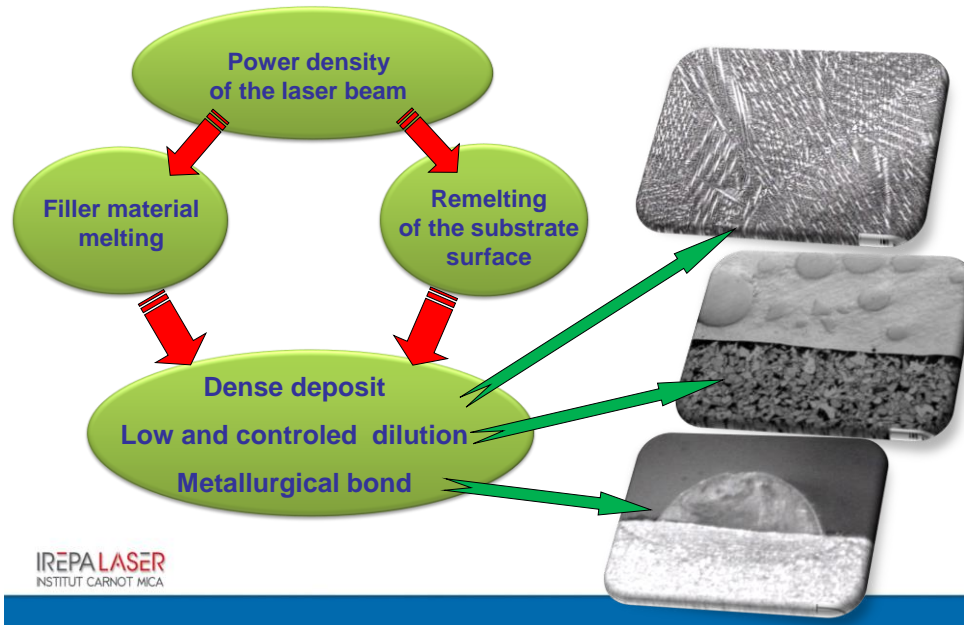


LASER CLADDING WITH BLOWN POWDER

- IREPA LASER experience:
 - Coaxial nozzle patented by IREPA LASER
 - Adapted for all kind of laser sources
 - Layer thickness : 0,3mm up to 2 mm/layer
 - Track width: 1 up to 5 mm
 - ↳ Powder catchments efficiency ≤ 90%
 - ↳ Dilution < 5%
 - High shielding gas quality



LASER CLADDING



INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

Subpart of extrusion die for brick
Coated with Lasercarb material
Courtesy of TECHNOGENIA

Anti-abrasion
Anti-wear

Oil drilling equipment
Coated with Lasercarb material
Courtesy of TECHNOGENIA

Farm equipments
Courtesy of TECHLASE

INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

Repairing of worn parts



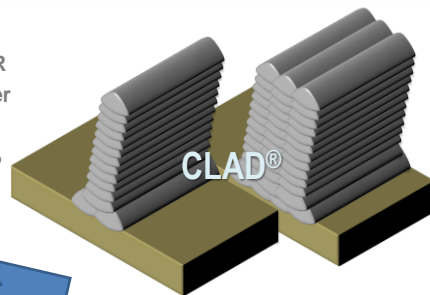
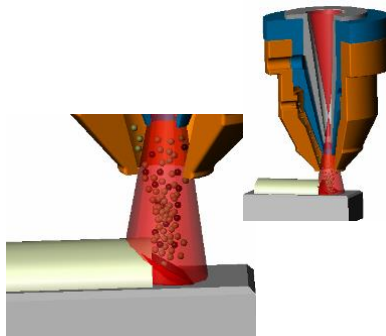
Crankshaft repairing
Courtesy of TECHLASE

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FROM LASER CLADDING TO AM-CLAD®

➤ CLAD® nozzle:

- Coaxial nozzle patented by IREPA LASER
- Layer thickness : 0,3mm up to 2 mm/layer
- Track width: 1 up to 5 mm
 - ➔ Powder catchments efficiency $\leq 90\%$
- Excellent gas shielding



- ➔ 3 thesis
- ➔ 4 engineer school projects
- ➔ 5 National projects
- ➔ 5 European projects
- ➔ 25 years of development
(since first cladding nozzle development)

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CLAD® Process

Construction by Laser with Additive and Direct Process





PowerGLAD
Software



Machine



Process

Track width	1 – 2,2mm
Accuracy	±0,2mm
Build up rate	120 cm ³ /h



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BeAM
BE ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING





About Us

Taken over by 

MANUFACTURER OF DED ADDITIVE SOLUTIONS

Private company

Created in December 2012

45 employees worldwide

Headquartered in Strasbourg, France
Subsidiaries in Cincinnati, OH, USA and Singapore

Spin-off of IREPALASER, a French-based R&D centre with 15 years of experience in DED

First industrial machines delivered in early 2016



MODULO 250
400X250X306mm



MODULO 400
600X400X400mm



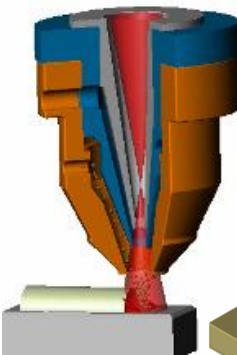
MAGIC 800
1200x800x800mm



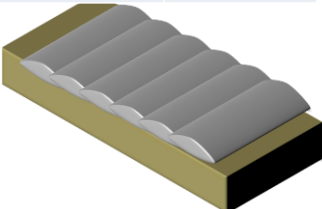
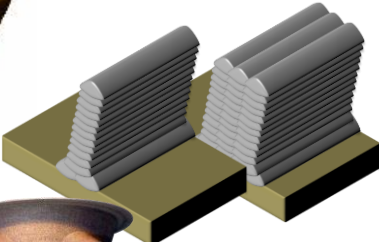
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LASER CLADDING
VS
CLAD®


Layer thickness	0,5 → 2 mm
Track width	3 → 5mm
Efficiency	> 90%
Dilution	< 5%



Layer thickness	0,2 → 0,7 mm
Track width	0,3 → 3 mm
Efficiency	20 - 90%
Dilution	5% → 20%

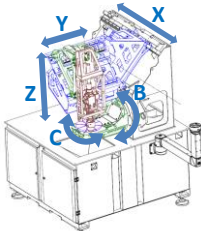
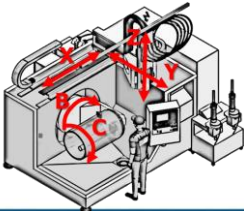










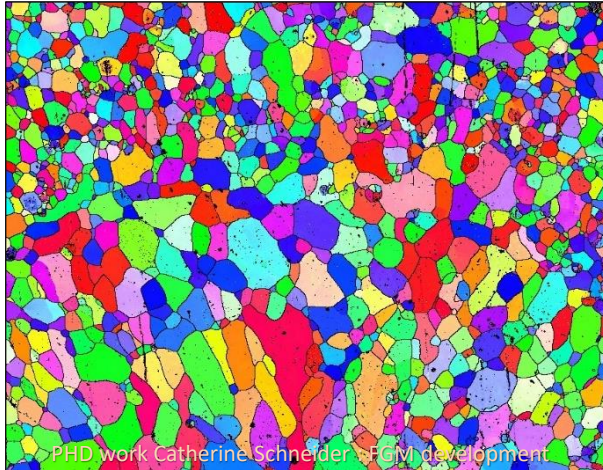
MACHINES

	MAGIC	BioCLAD
Continuous 5 axis	✓	✓
Travel stages [mm]	X1500xY800xZ760	X400xY250xZ200
Max load	300 kg	50kg
CLAD heads	2	1
Lasers	Fibre 500W Diode 2000W	Fibre 600W
Gas enclosure	12 m ³ O ₂ <20 ppm H ₂ O<40 ppm	1,5 m ³ O ₂ <20 ppm H ₂ O<40 ppm
Powder feeders	2	1



Materials development



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PHD work Catherine Schneider - FGM development

MATERIALS → WELDABILITY

materials	grade	State of CLAD® development	CLAD® results
Steels	Low carbon steel	Parameters ok	👍👍
	Alloy steel (low Ceq)	Parameters ok	👍👍
	Tool steel (CPM10V, M2)	Cladding ok	👍👍
Stainless steels	SS304L, 316L	Parameters ok	👍👍
	APX4	Parameters ok	👍👍
	17-4 Ph	Parameters ok	👍👍
	SS440, ...	Setup in progress	👍👍
Ni base alloys	Inco 718, 713	Qualified on aero parts	👍👍
	Inco 625, 738	Parameters ok	👍👍
	Nimonic C263, 75	Parameters ok	👍👍
	Rene 77, 142	Parameters ok	👍👍
	Waspalloy	Qualified on aero parts	👍👍
Ti base alloys	CMSX4	Setup in progress	👍
	Ti6Al4V	Parameters ok	👍👍
	Ti6Al2Sn4Zr2Mo (6242) CpTi	Qualified on aero parts Parameters ok	👍👍 👍👍
Co base	Stellite 6, 12, 21, 25	Cladding ok	👍
Al alloys	Al alloys (Si, Mn, Mg ...)	Difficult to process	👎👍
Cu alloys	Cu alloys (Zn, Sn, Al, Ni, ...)	Difficult to process	👎👍
Au alloys	Au alloys	Difficult to process	👎👍
Others	W	Difficult to process	👎👍
	WC	Ok with Ni matrix	👍
	Mo	Setup in progress	👍

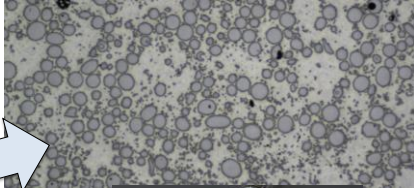
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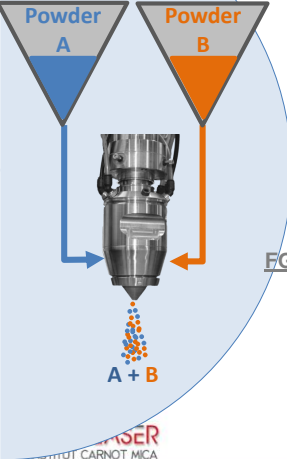
NEW MATERIALS WITH LMD-CLAD®

Powders are blown, melted and deposited: → **unique possibility to mix powders**

Composite materials :

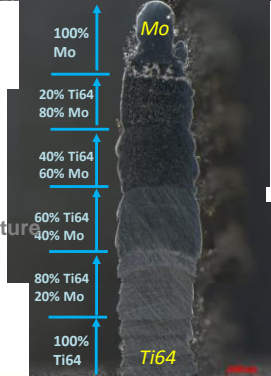
- Matrix + reinforcement.
- Ex : Ni-Cr + WC





FGM:

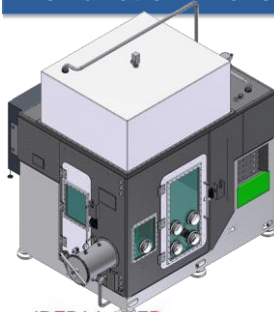
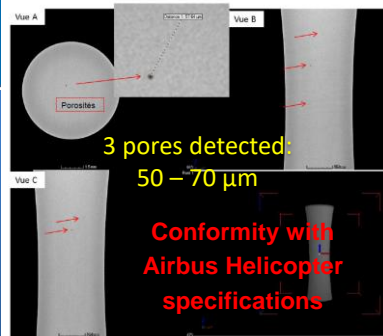
- combination of 2 or more materials for graded structures
- Ti-TiNb
- Ti-Ni, Ti-Mo,...
- Stainless steel – Invar
- ...



CHALLENGE : PART DESIGN WITH FGM INTEGRATION

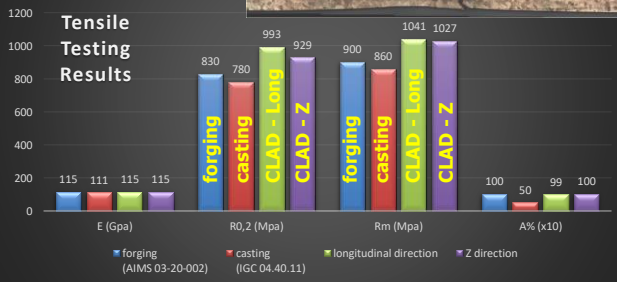
METALLURGICAL & MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

- Very low level of pores (<0,01%) and defects
- Fine microstructure (rapid solidification), excellent mechanical properties
- Local or global gas shielding to avoid oxidization: Ti alloys, (Al, Mo, Nb, Ta..)



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FUI FALAFEL
AIRBUS HELICOPTERS AIRBUS GROUP

Ductile failure mode
no significant defect

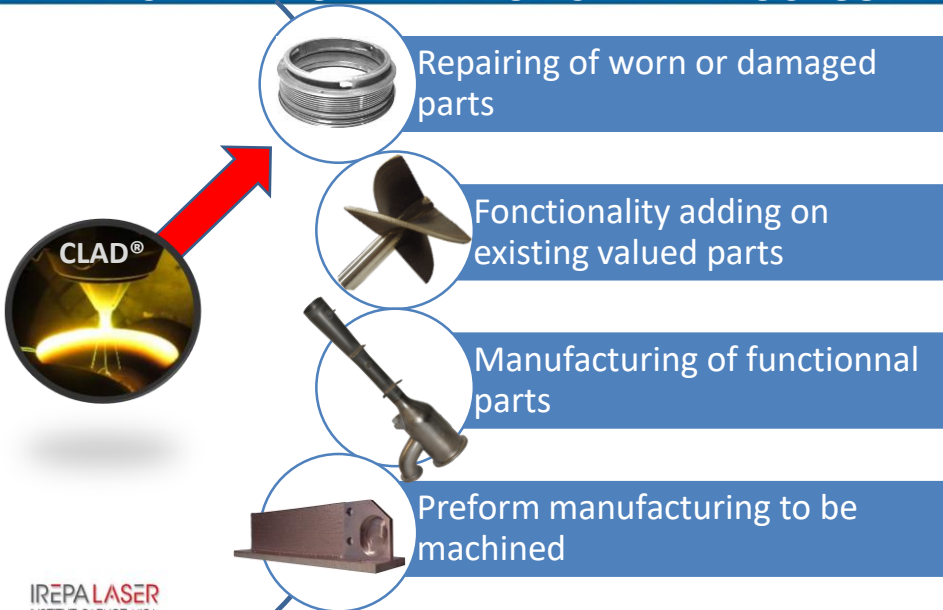


APPLICATIVE POTENTIAL OF CLAD® PROCESS



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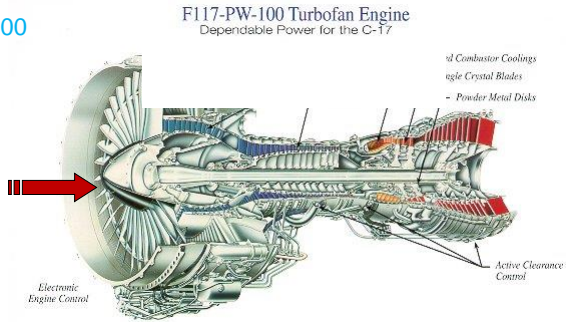
APPLICATIVE POTENTIAL OF CLAD® PROCESS



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APPLICATION EXAMPLE OF THE CLAD® TECHNOLOGY

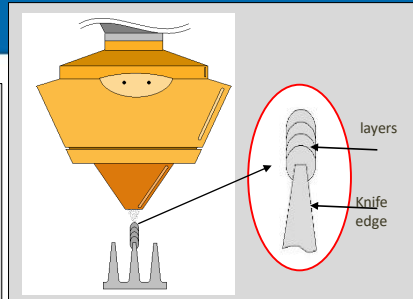
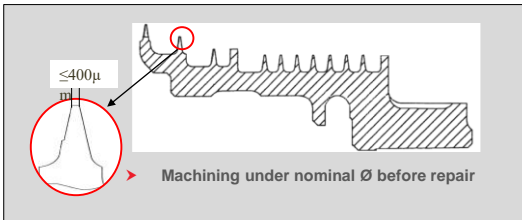
SEALING RING
 ROTATION SPEED: 30 000
 TR/MIN



- Repairing of the worn knife edges of sealing parts
- Collaboration with a company specialized in engine maintenance
 - Company : Chromalloy France
 - 100 people
 - Essentially repair for Pratt & Whitney : PW100/ PT6/ JT15 APU (901)

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REPAIRING PROCESS

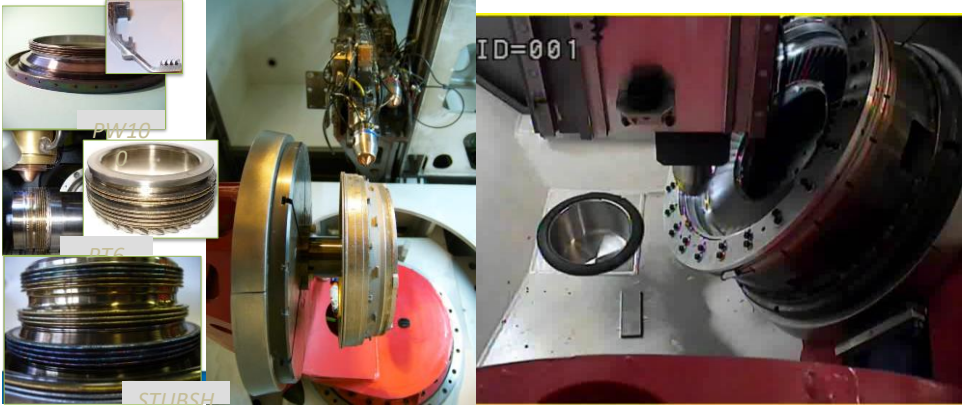


material	Cross view of a repaired part Before final machining
Part : Ti alloy Heat treatment after repair	
Powder : Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo	
Grain size : 45 – 75 μm	
Track width : 1,12mm Hardness : 400Hv	

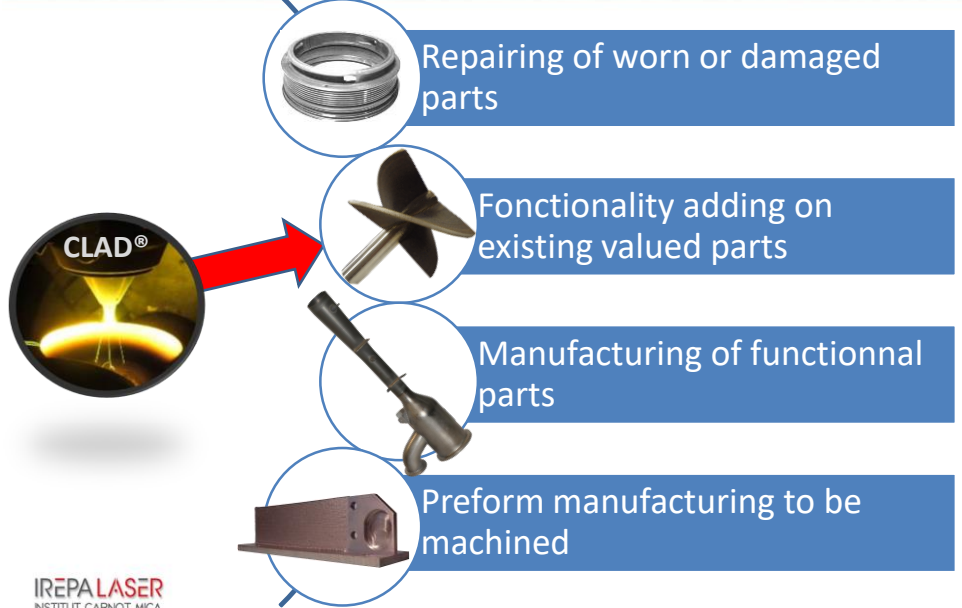
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CONCLUSION ON REPAIRING APPLICATION

- **Success story**
 - 1st contact : 2008
 - 1st repaired part : 2009
 - Process validated : 2010
 - Parts qualified : 2011-2015 (1200 parts repaired)
 - Parts in production at CFR : 2016
- 2 machines BeAM bought by CFR
- Process validated and qualified by the motorist (various materials)
- Technology transfer to :
 - Spin-off BeAM for pilot production
 - And then to the customer
- Technology transfer on other parts



POTENTIAL OF CLAD® PROCESS



EXAMPLE: FUNCTIONALITIES ADDING



Manufacturing of 2 blades on a machined steel cylinder



Manufacturing of a centring pin on a machined Ni base ring

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EXAMPLE : BLADES ON A SHAFT



Part dimensions :

Ø tube : **80mm**

Material : **SS 316L**

Construction :

- 2 tracks width (**≈ 5 mm**)
- total height **20 mm**
- Inc. Z **0,70mm**

Construction time for 1 blade :

4min26s

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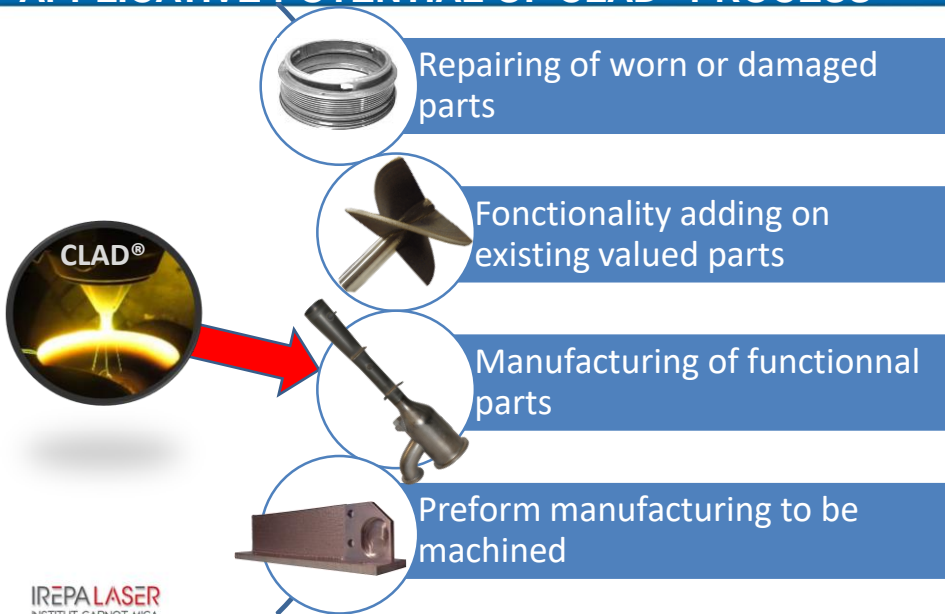
EXAMPLE: MACRO-TEXTURING ADDING

Manufacturing of helix and dots on a machined stainless steel cylinder (Ø20mm)



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APPLICATIVE POTENTIAL OF CLAD® PROCESS



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TRUMP : PREPARATION

- Material : Nickel Based alloy (Nimonic C263)
- Manufacturing started on SLM subpart
- Part adaptation to the process:
 - Thickness variation eliminated
 - Modification of the cones geometry
 - Corner radius added for the mounting lugs

FUI FALAFEL

TRUMP: PRODUCTION

Material	C263
Wall thickness	0.8 mm
Build up time	3h46min 2h46 + 1h
Deposited mass	520 g
Powder efficiency	21%
build up rate	18 cm ³ /h
Roughness	Ra5
Powder to be recycled	1900 g

Technical-economic demonstrator build-up.
 Combination of the processes :
CLAD® et SLM

Setup within the framework
 of the FUI FALAFEL project

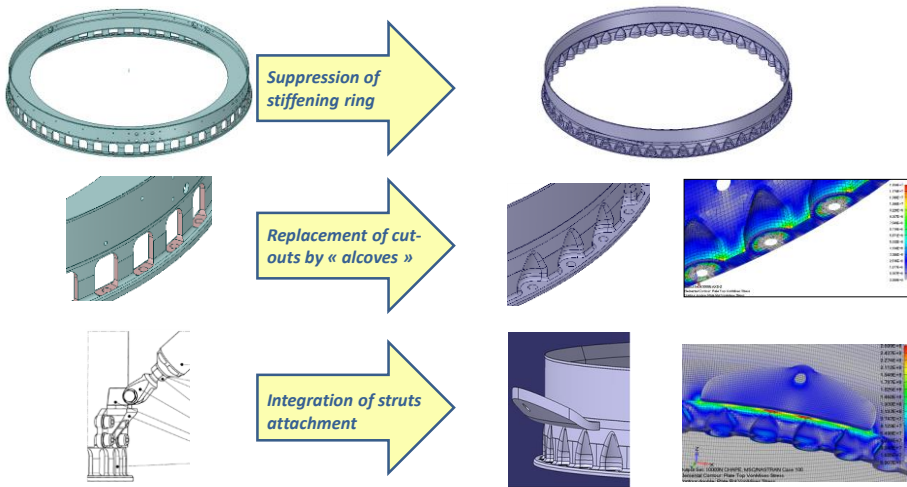
Courtesy of DASSAULT AVIATION

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SLM subpart made by Poly-Shape

Industrial demonstrator: airduct TIG4
 FUI FALAFEL 2014 – IREPA LASER
 Dassault Aviation Courtesy

OPTIMISATION AND ADAPTATION TO THE CLAD® PROCESS

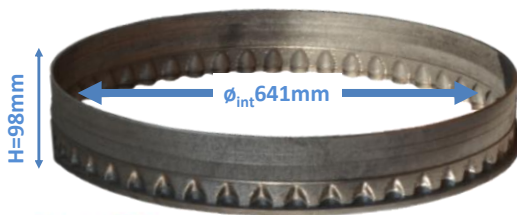
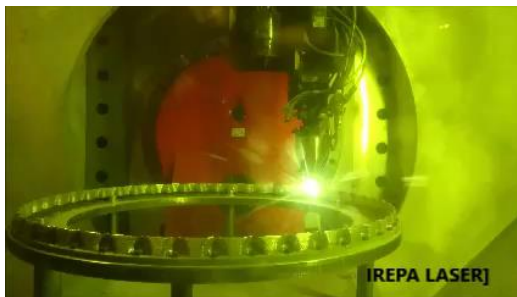


The mechanical performances (strength, Stiffness) have been checked by F.E.M.



MANUFACTURING STRATEGY

► Ring manufacturing



Manufacturing time : 9h

Powder consumption < 9kg

Mass « as built » ≈ 4,5kg



APPLICATIVE POTENTIAL OF CLAD® PROCESS

Repairing of worn or damaged parts

Functionality adding on existing valued parts

Manufacturing of functional parts

Preform manufacturing to be machined

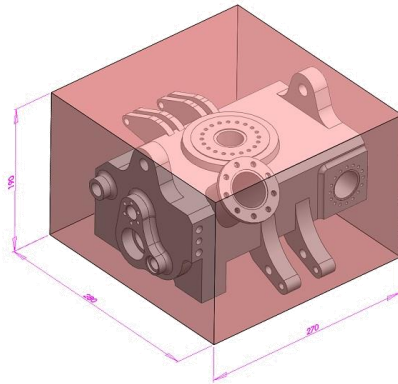
CLAD®

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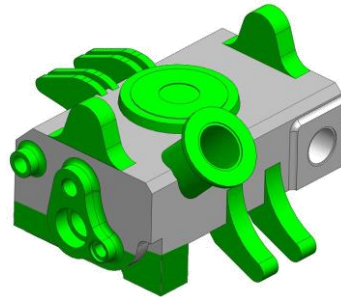
EXAMPLE : PREFORM + MACHINING

■ Application example:

- **Traditional machining**
 - 14 364 cm³
 - 104.7 Kg



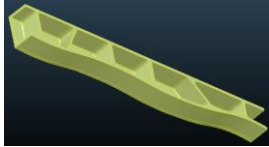
- **Features added by CLAD**
 - 4 543 cm³
 - 33.2 Kg



- **Final part**
 - 27 Kg

THE AMAZE PROJECT

- **Additive Manufacturing Aiming Towards Zero Waste & Efficient Production of High-Tech Metal Products**
- **European project : FP7, 23M€ budget**
- **coordinator : MTC**
- **26 leading institutions in European academia, research and industry**
- **5 years : 2013 - 2017**



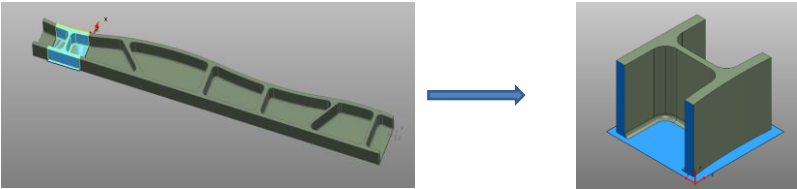
Spar : 14kg, length 1.1m, Ti64



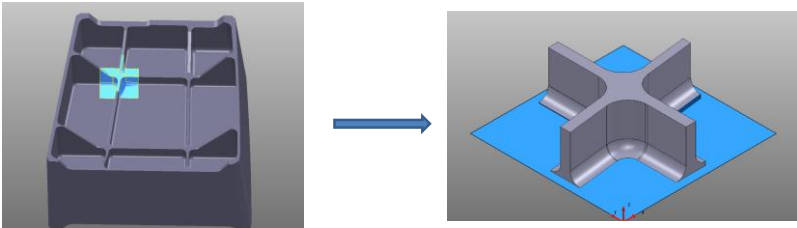
Cyl. Diam 600mm (40-70kg), Ti64

SUB-ELEMENTS

- **H-shape (Aircraft Spar Frame sub-element)**

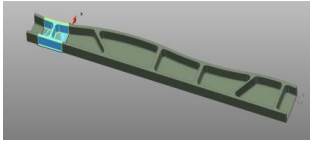


- **Cross-shape (Aircraft Outboard Rib sub-element)**

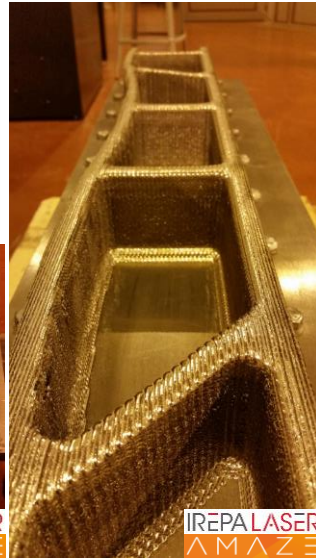
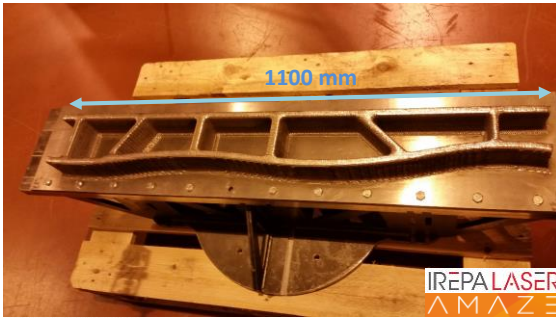


FULL SCALE DEMONSTRATOR - RIB

➤ Demonstrator: Aircraft spar



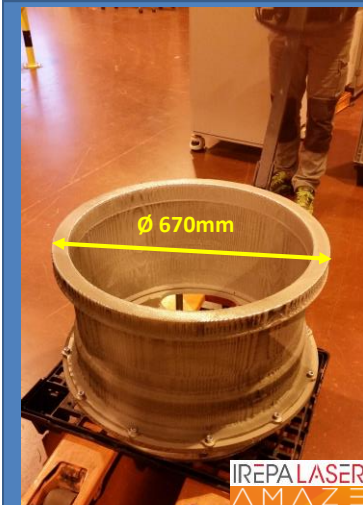
Material	Ti-6Al-4V
Construction	Total : 33h
Weight	14.2kg
Build up rate	97 cm ³ /h
PCE (powder)	60%



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FULL SCALE DEMONSTRATOR - CYLINDER



Strategies
Optimisation
–
long duration
Process
Optimization
–
Distortion
management



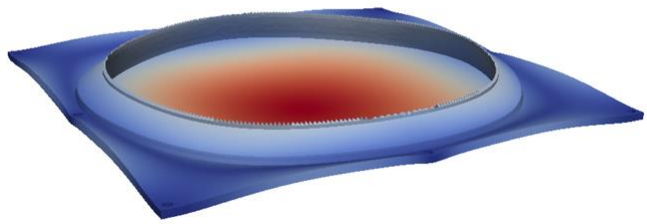
Material	Ti-6Al-4V
Construction	Total : 127h
Weight	≈45kg
Build up rate	≈92 cm ³ /h
PCE (powder catchment efficiency)	≈60%

Material	Ti-6Al-4V
Construction	Total : 155h
Weight	71kg (109kg used)
Build up rate / PCE	92 cm ³ /h / 60%
Cost approach	≈ 60 k€

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Modeling



Cylinder distortion modeling

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II. ISSUES RAISED BY THE LMD-CLAD® PROCESS

➤ To know and counteract thermo-mechanical effects



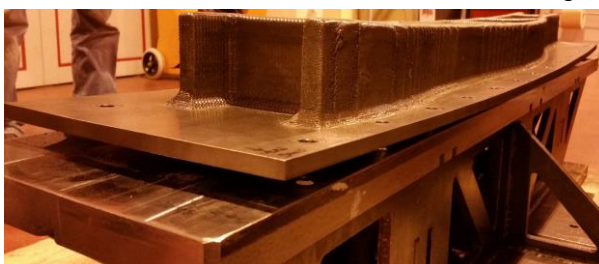
Crack



Mismatch

Residual stresses, distortion, cracks, mismatch, lack of material... can appear in manufactured part:

- During building
- During cooling
- During unclamping



Distortion in the 'airframe spar' part after unclamping



Screw break during the manufacturing process

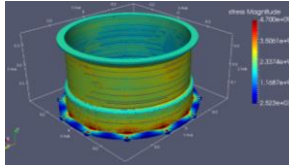
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Distortions can cause lack of material, cracks ...

JNPLI September, 14 2017

CHALLENGE : BIG PARTS MODELLING

C. Application: ESA cylinder in 48hours



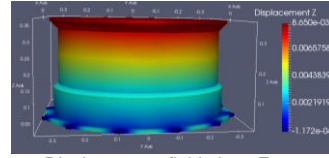
Stress field magnitude
Stress: > 600MPa

Max external diameter: 660mm

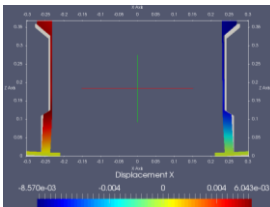
Inner diameter: 592mm

Thicknesses: 20mm at the bottom of the part, 4mm in the middle section and 34mm at the top of the part

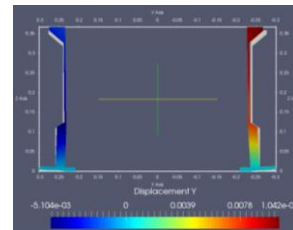
Height: 350mm



Displacement field along Z
axis: 8,6mm



Displacement field cross section
X axis: calculation vs CAD (8mm)



Displacement field cross section
along Y axis: calculation vs CAD
(10mm)

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CONCLUSION

- Various application of CLAD® process
 - Mature for fine repair
 - Ready for
 - functionalities adding
 - part manufacturing
 - for preform manufacturing
- Adapted for various sizes:
 - From small surface texturing
→ to full scale large parts (>1m or >70kg)
- Numerous benefits:
 - Better use of materials
 - Mass saving VS bulk machining
 - Delivery time reduced
 - Unique possibility of features adding
 - Excellent mechanical properties
 - (multi-material)
- But needs part redesign



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**THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION**

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