

## Directly Seeking Dark Matter



# EDELWEISS

Observing dark matter particle collisions

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- **Scientific leader:** Jules Gascon\*
- **Laboratories involved:** IJCLAB (Orsay), IP2I (Lyon), LPSC's LSM Platform (Modane)
- **Nature:** research infrastructure
- **Status:** international cooperation involving Germany, France, the UK and Russia
- **Website:** <http://edelweiss.in2p3.fr/index.php?language=en>

### SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

If the dark matter halo surrounding our Galaxy is made up of particles, these should cause very rare collisions within ordinary matter that knock either an atom or an electron out of place. EDELWEISS seeks to measure the heat produced by these collisions in Germanium detectors cooled to 20 mK, and also to identify the charges produced by them. For the past 25 years, EDELWEISS has been developing more and more efficient generations of detectors to reveal ever lighter dark matter particles.

### RESOURCES DEPLOYED

The experiment is protected from parasitic ambient radiation (radioactivity, muons, etc.) by the 1 700 m rock cover of the Modane Underground Laboratory, and by more than 40 tonnes of lead and polyethylene. A dilution cryostat cools to 20 mK a set of detectors weighing up to 20 kg. The detectors are hyper-pure Germanium crystals covered with electrodes, on which a doped Germanium thermistor is glued. This is sensitive to abrupt temperature variations of less than 1 K.

**10<sup>6</sup>** suppression factor of cosmic rays

**18 to 22** microK: temperature of the detectors

**19** months: longest cooling time

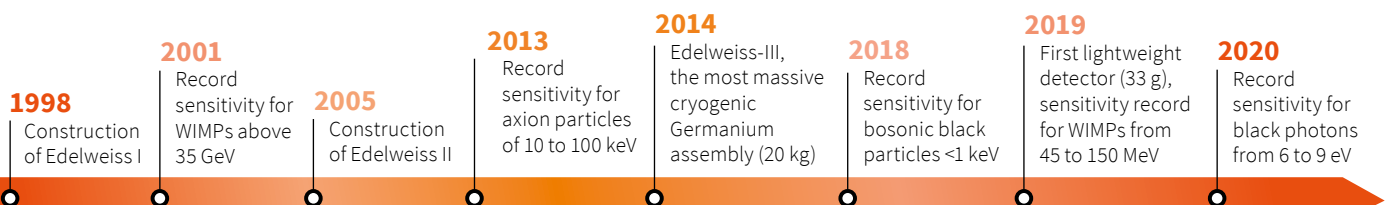
**10<sup>9</sup>** cumulative background reduction factor: mountain + lead + polyethylene + active rejection

### IN2P3 CONTRIBUTIONS

- The experiment was designed and carried out largely in France, with a major contribution from the IN2P3.
- Development and manufacture of bolometers
- Original design of the detector electrodes and their realization (Major technological breakthrough)
- Hosted at the Modane underground laboratory (LSM)

### OTHER FRENCH LABORATORIES INVOLVED

Irfu (CEA Saclay), Institut Néel (Grenoble), C2N (Palaiseau)



\* Since 2011